TRANSLATION- THE TRANSLATED DOCUMENT IS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CHINESE VERSION. THE TRANSLATION IS FOR REFERENCE ONLY. IF THERE IS ANY DISCREPANCY BETWEEN THE ENGLISH VERSION AND CHINESE VERSION, THE CHINESE VERSION SHALL PREVAIL.

Pegavision Corporation

2025 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting Minutes

(Translation)

- Time: 9:00 a.m., May 21, 2025, Wednesday
- Place: Pegavision's Guishan Fab (No.5, Shing Yeh St., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan (R.O.C.))
- Convening method: Physical Shareholders Meeting
- Total outstanding Pegavision shares: 78,000,000 shares
- Total Pegavision shares with voting rights: 78,000,000 shares
- Total shares held by shareholders presented in person or by proxy: 54,797,177 shares
- Percentage of shares held by shareholders presented in person or by proxy: 70.25%
- Chairman: Ming-Tung Kuo, the Chairman of the Board of Directors
- Directors Present: T.H Tung, Te-Sheng Yang, Ho-Hsu Chen, Jen-Lu Yao
- Attendees: Chih-Ming Chang, CPA, Ernst & Young
 Hung-Sheng Chu, Attorney, Phoebus & Artemis Attorneys-at-Law and CPAs
 Ching-Hsiang Wang, Director of Finance & Accounting Division
- Recorder: Wei-Chieh Peng
- Corporate Governance Officer: Ching-Hsiang Wang

The aggregate shareholding of the shareholders present in person or by proxy constituted a quorum. The Chairman called the meeting to order.

Chairman's Address (omitted)

I. Items to be reported

- (I) Summary: The Company's 2024 operational and financial results (Business Report).
 - Details: Please refer to Attachment 1 (pages 5 to 7) for the 2024 Business Report.
- (II) Summary: Audit Committee's review report on 2024 financial statements.

 Details: Please refer to Attachment 2 (page 8) for Audit Committee's Review Report.
- (III) Summary: The 2024 compensation of directors and employee bonus. Details:
 - 1. Pursuant to Article 27 of the company's Articles of Incorporation, 2024 employees' and directors' remuneration resolved is NT\$267,906,237 (representing 11.5% of pre-tax profit) and NT\$23,296,194 (representing 1% of pre-tax profit) respectively, and the both amounts will be entirely paid in cash.
 - 2. The sum of director remuneration paid in cash to directors and corporate representatives who hold positions within the group amounted to NT\$23,294,000.
 - 3. No differences exist between the estimated amount and the actual distribution of the employee bonuses and there is negative NT\$2,194 differences between the estimated amount and the actual distribution of the remuneration to directors for the year ended December 31, 2024.
- (IV) Summary: The cash dividends distribution of 2024 earnings. Details:
 - 1. Pursuant to Article 27-1 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, cash distribution to shareholders shall be resolved in a board meeting, and reported in the upcoming shareholder meeting. A proposal has been made to pay NT\$858,000,000 in cash dividends at NT\$11 per share.
 - 2. The amount of cash dividend distribution shall be calculated using the payout ratio and truncated to the nearest NT\$1. Fractions that do not amount to a full NT\$1 shall be summed and recognized by the Company as other income. At which time, a proposal will also be raised to authorize the Chairman to set details such as the dividend baseline date.

II. Items to be approved

- (I) Summary: Adoption of the Company's 2024 Business Report and Financial Statements (proposed by board of directors).

 Details:
 - 1. The Company's 2024 business report and financial statements have been approved by the board of directors; the financial statements have also been

- audited by CPA Chih-Ming Chang and CPA Shao-Pin Kuo of Ernst & Young and reviewed by the Audit Committee.
- 2. Please refer to Attachment 1 (pages 5 to 7) for the 2024 business report, and Attachment 3 (pages 9 to 31) for standalone and consolidated financial statements.

Voting Results:

Toting Itebates.				
Number of shares presented at the time of voting	For	Against	Abstained	Invalid
54,797,177	54,725,460	13,810	57,907	0
votes*	votes*	votes*	votes*	Votes*
(53,682,843	(53,624,126	(13,810	(44,907	
votes)	votes)	votes)	votes)	

^{*}including votes casted electronically (number in brackets)

RESOLVED, the above proposal was accepted as submitted.

(II) Summary: Adoption of the 2024 Earnings Appropriation (proposed by board of directors).

Details:

- 1. The Company reported NT\$1,830,675,626 of net income in 2024; after providing for legal reserves of NT\$183,067,563, the reversed special reserves of NT\$8,025,398, and adding to undistributed earnings of NT\$3,392,244,795 carried from previous years, the Company had NT\$5,047,878,256 of earnings that were available for distribution.
- 2. Please refer to Attachment 4 (page 32) for the Company's 2024 earnings appropriation report.

Voting Results:

Number of shares presented at the time of voting	For	Against	Abstained	Invalid
54,797,177	54,734,169	18,151	44,857	0
votes*	votes*	votes*	votes*	Votes*
(53,682,843	(53,632,835	(18,151	(31,857	
votes)	votes)	votes)	votes)	

^{*}including votes casted electronically (number in brackets)

RESOLVED, the above proposal was accepted as submitted.

III. Items to be discussed and resolved by shareholders

(I) Summary: Amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation (Proposed by Board of Directors)

Details:

- 1. In accordance with the amended content of the Company Law issued under the No. 11300069631 Letter by the President on August 7, 2024, Article 14 of the Securities and Exchange Act stipulates that the company shall specify in its articles of incorporation a certain percentage of annual earnings to be allocated for adjusting salaries or distributing compensation to its grassroots employees. Therefore, the relevant content of Article 27 of the company's articles of incorporation has been amended.
- 2. The amendment to Article 27-1 of the company's articles of incorporation defines the distributable earnings for the current year and accumulated distributable earnings, with related textual adjustments made accordingly.
- 3. The Company's Articles of Incorporation are amended for the above reasons. A comparison table of the Company's Articles of Incorporation please refer to Attachment 5 (pages 33 to 35)

Voting Results:

100000000				
Number of shares presented at the time of voting	For	Against	Abstained	Invalid
54,797,177	54,735,546	16,924	44,707	0
votes*	votes*	votes*	votes*	Votes*
(53,682,843	(53,634,212	(16,924	(31,707	
votes)	votes)	votes)	votes)	

^{*}including votes casted electronically (number in brackets)

RESOLVED, the above proposal was accepted as submitted.

IV. Other Question and Special Motion: None

V. Adjournment

No shareholders raised questions at this Annual Meeting of Shareholders.

(Note: This minutes is extracted from the 2025 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting, the details are subject to the audio and video recording.)

Attachment 1

Pegavision Corporation

Business Report

Dear Shareholders,

2024 was a challenging year for Pegavision. The Chinese market faced significant pressures from deflation, downgraded consumption, and challenges surrounding "Made in China," all of which intensified competition and limited business growth. Meanwhile, the Japanese market maintained steady growth, though the ongoing depreciation of the Japanese Yen placed continuous pressure on the Company's revenue as we provide exchange rate support to our customers. Despite these short-term challenges, Pegavision's exceptional R&D and manufacturing capabilities, coupled with our unwavering commitment to top-quality standards, earned the trust of all our clients, allowing the Company to continue recording historical highs in both revenue and profits. The business performance in 2024 and the business plan for 2025 are reported as follows:

2024 Financial Performance

The consolidated revenue of the Company in 2024 was NT\$6,817.31 million, representing an increase of NT\$27.44 million over the last year, with an annual growth rate of 0.40%. Our gross profit margin was 56%, representing an increase of 2% compared to the previous year. Net income attributable to shareholders of the parent company was NT\$1,830.68 million, representing an increase of NT\$174.77 million over the last year, with an annual growth rate of 10.6%. Earnings per share were NT\$23.47, representing an increase of NT\$0.64 over the previous year. The consolidated revenue performance of the Company in 2024 was primarily attributed to the continued growth of customers in the Japanese and European markets; our production capacity utilization rate and production efficiency increased continuously, which created positive effects on our profit margin. Therefore, our net income and earnings per share throughout the year maintained steady growth despite price-cutting competition in the Chinese market and pressure from exchange rates in Japan.

Technological Developments

Pegavision committed 9.5% of its operating revenues, totaling NT\$646.17 million, to R&D expenses in 2024. These funds were allocated to support new product development, certification, and to improve production technologies. We acquired 26 new patents in 2024, covering areas such as automated process testing, material formulations, surface coating technologies, and packaging sterilization techniques. Moreover, we acquired 52 product licenses across various countries. These include:

- The first silicone hydrogel lenses in Japan;
- The first lens containing a vitamin B12 solution in Japan;

- The first lens containing a menthol solution in China;
- The first third-generation Multicolor Anti-Blue Light Contact Lenses in Japan, Taiwan and the U.S.; and
- The first silicone hydrogel contact lenses in South East Asia.

Environmental, Social, and Corporate Governance

Apart from being ranked among the top 6% to 20% of all listed companies in the TWSE 2024 Corporate Governance Evaluation System, the Company also received the Taiwan Intellectual Property Management System (TIPS) A-Level certification and the ISO 27001 certification for Information Security, Cybersecurity and Privacy Protection. Moreover, we completed the solar panel installation of our Guishan and Daxi Plants. Moving forward, we will continue to invest in green manufacturing to achieve our goal of sustainable corporate development.

Summary of Current Business Plan

In 2024, Pegavision made significant advancements in production automation for silicon hydrogel products, optimizing production costs, enhancing product quality, and expanding product licenses. Coupled with the Company's capacity expansion in Daxi (Taiwan), Nantong (China), and Thái Bình (Vietnam), we are well-positioned to better serve our brand customers and mitigate the impact of reliance on a single market or customer on our revenue. We estimate that the growth in our operating revenues in 2025 will be even more favorable than that of 2024 and will be greater than the industry average.

Outlook

Facing uncertain macroeconomic development, the fact that contact lenses are living necessities allows us to reasonably expect that the global contact lens market will maintain an annual growth rate ranging from 4% to 6% in the long run. Medical devices operate within a capital-intensive industry characterized by high technological entry barriers, long product certification times, and strict regulations. As a professional manufacturer of soft contact lenses, we invest much attention and ample resources in smart manufacturing as well as product R&D, patent application, and certification.

On behalf of the employees at Pegavision, we thank you for your continued trust and support. Upholding our business philosophy of broadening horizons for consumers, we will adhere to this responsibility with our commitment to our products, the environment, and our personnel and persistently go to all lengths necessary to create greater value for shareholders.

Chairman Peter Kuo

President T.S Yang

Head of Accounting C.H. Wang

Attachment 2

Pegavision Corporation

Audit Committee's Review Report

The Board of Directors has prepared the Company's 2024 Business Report, Financial Statements, and proposal for allocation of earnings. The CPA firm of Ernst & Young Taiwan was retained to audit Pegavision's Financial Statements and has issued an audit report relating to the Financial Statements. The Business Report, Financial Statements, and earnings allocation proposal have been reviewed and determined to be correct and accurate by the Audit Committee members of Pegavision Corporation. According to Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the

Company Law, we hereby submit this report.

Pegavision Corporation

Chairman of the Audit Committee: Eric Yao

February 17, 2025

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Attachment 3

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To: the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Pegavision Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying parent-company-only balance sheets of Pegavision Corporation (the "Company") as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related parent-company-only statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the parent-company-only financial statements, including the summary of material accounting policies (together referred as "the parent-company-only financial statements").

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of the other auditors (please refer to the Other Matter – Making Reference to the Audits of Component Auditors section of our report), the parent-company-only financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the parent-company-only financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the parent-company-only financial performance and cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with the requirements of the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent-Company-Only Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China (the "Norm"). Based on our audits and the reports of the other auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of the most significance in our audit of parent-company-only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024.

These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent-company-only financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Revenue Recognition

We determine that revenue recognition is one of the key audit matters. The Company's revenue amounting to NT\$5,924,458 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2024 is a significant account to the Company's financial statements. The Company has conducted these sale activities in multi-marketplace, including Taiwan, China, Japan, etc. Furthermore, the timing of fulfilling performance obligation needs to be determined based on varieties of sale terms and conditions enacted in the main sale contracts or sale orders. We therefore conclude that there are significant risks with respect to the topic of revenue recognition.

Our audit procedures therefore include, but not limit to, evaluating the properness of accounting policy for revenue recognition, assessing and testing the effectiveness of relevant internal controls related to revenue recognition, sampling-test of details, including obtaining major sale orders or agreements to inspect the terms and conditions, checking the consistency of the fulfillment timing, performing analytical review procedures on sale revenues, and executing sale cut-off tests, etc. We have also evaluated the appropriateness of the related disclosure in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Market valuation on Inventory

We determined the market valuation on inventory is also one of key audit matters. The Company's net inventory amounted to NT\$516,227 thousand, representing 4% of total assets, as of December 31, 2024, which is significant to the Company's financial statements. Due to the fierce competition in the contact lens market and the continuous introduction of new products, management, in timely considering the status of new products development and the demand from clients, has to evaluate the loss due to market value decline as well as write-down on slow-moving inventories to their net realizable value. Our audit procedures therefore include, but not limit to, evaluating the Company's policy with respect to assessment the loss from slow-moving inventory and phased-out items, (including identification method, testing the accuracy of inventory aging schedule, analysis on inventory movement), evaluating the physical inventory stock take plan report provided by the management and choose the significant location to perform the observation, and inspecting the current status of inventory usage, etc. We also evaluated the appropriateness of related disclosure in the Note 5 and 6 to the financial statements.

Other Matter - Making Reference to the Audits of Component Auditors

We did not audit the financial statements of invested associates as of December 31, 2023, which were audited by other independent auditors. The financial statements of invested associates as of December 31, 2023 were audited by other independent auditors, whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinions expressed herein are based solely on other auditors. These investment accounted for using the equity method amounted to NT\$19,817 thousand, accounting for 0.15% of the total assets as of December 31, 2023, and the related shares of profit or loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method amounted to NT\$(183) thousand, accounting for (0.01)% of the Company's net income before income tax for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Parent-Company-Only Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent-company-only financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent-company-only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent-company-only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ability to continue as a going concern of the Company, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Company.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent-Company-Only Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent-company-only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent-company-only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent-company-only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control of the Company.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability to continue as a going concern of the Company. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent-company-only financial statements, including the accompanying notes, and whether the parent-company-only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent-company-only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the company audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of 2024 parent-company-only financial statements and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

/s/Chang,Chih-Ming

/s/Kuo,Shao-Pin

Ernst & Young Taiwan, R.O.C February 17, 2025

Notice to Readers

The accompanying parent-company-only financial statements are intended only to present the parent-company-only financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China on Taiwan and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practice to audit such financial parent-company-only statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China on Taiwan.

Accordingly, the accompanying parent-company-only financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice. As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, Ernst & Young cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

Pegavision Corporation Parent-Company-Only Balance Sheets

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Assets		2024		2023	
Code	Accounts	Notes	Amount	%	Amount	%
11xx	Current assets					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	4, 6(1)	\$1,142,305	8	\$1,036,711	8
1110	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4, 6(2)	977,900	7	2,410,211	18
1136	Financial assets measured at amortized cost	6(3)	942,990	7	2,019,990	15
1170	Accounts receivable, net	4, 6(4)	198,594	2	283,892	2
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties, net	4, 6(4), 7	852,520	6	785,308	6
1200	Other receivables		8,764	-	18,007	-
1210	Other receivables - related parties	7	7,107	-	-	-
1310	Inventories, net	4, 6(5)	516,227	4	419,085	3
1410	Prepayments		99,770	1	112,565	1
1470	Other current assets		20,753		18,147	1
	Total current assets		4,766,930	35	7,103,916	54
15xx	Non-current assets					
1550	Investment accounted for using equity method	4, 6(6)	1,416,995	10	754,776	6
1600	Property, plant and equipment, net	4, 6(7), 7	7,390,086	54	4,317,829	33
1755	Right-of-use assets, net	4, 6(19)	-	-	165,302	1
1780	Intangible assets, net	4, 6(8)	21,981	-	19,176	-
1840	Deferred tax assets	4, 6(23)	71,462	-	28,868	-
1900	Other non-current assets	6(7), 6(9), 7, 8, 9	128,938	1	733,287	6
	Total non-current assets		9,029,462	65	6,019,238	46
	Total Assets		\$13,796,392	100	\$13,123,154	100

Parent-Company-Only Balance Sheets (Continued) As of December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Liabilities and Equity		2024		2023	
Code	Accounts	Notes	Amount	%	Amount	%
21xx	Current liabilities					
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(10)	\$351,503	3	\$908,620	7
2130	Contract liabilities	6(17)	11,389	-	31,949	-
2150	Notes payable		2,122	-	589	-
2170	Accounts payable		191,701	1	226,949	2
2200	Other payables	6(11), 7	1,455,510	11	1,365,648	10
2230	Current tax liabilities	4, 6(23)	66,721	1	44,825	-
2280	Lease liabilities	4, 6(19)	-	-	99,770	1
2300	Other current liabilities	6(12), 6(13), 8	331,554	2	261,870	2
	Total current liabilities		2,410,500	18	2,940,220	22
25xx	Non-current liabilities					
2540	Non-current portion of long-term borrowings	6(13), 8	357,588	3	156,092	1
2570	Deferred tax liabilities	4, 6(23)	58,550	_	51,312	-
2580	Lease liabilities	4, 6(19)	-	-	67,180	1
2645	Guarantee deposits received	7	3,300	-	400	-
2670	Other non-current liabilities	6(12)	47		268	
	Total non-current liabilities		419,485	3	275,252	2
	Total liabilities		2,829,985	21	3,215,472	24
31xx	Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent					
3100	Capital	6(15)				
3110	Common stock		780,000	5	780,000	6
3200	Capital surplus	6(15)	4,269,544	31	4,269,521	33
3300	Retained earnings	6(15)				
3310	Legal reserve		685,917	5	520,327	4
3320	Special reserve		27,786	-	12,934	-
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings		5,222,920	38	4,352,686	33
3400	Other equity interest		(19,760)		(27,786)	
	Total equity		10,966,407	79	9,907,682	76
	Total liabilities and equity		\$13,796,392	100	\$13,123,154	100

Parent-Company-Only Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

			2024		2023	
Code	Accounts	Notes	Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Operating revenue	4, 6(17), 7	\$5,924,458	100	\$5,976,139	100
5000	Operating costs	6(5), 7	(2,928,639)	(49)	(3,069,545)	(51)
5900	Gross profit		2,995,819	51	2,906,594	49
5910	Unrealized gains (losses) from sales		3,140		(12,786)	
	Gross profit from operations		2,998,959	51	2,893,808	49
6000	Operating expenses	7				
6100	Selling expenses		(180,597)	(3)	(164,512)	(3)
6200	Administrative expenses		(353,914)	(6)	(359,910)	(6)
6300	Research and development expenses		(646,400)	(11)	(597,041)	(10)
6450	Expected credit gains (losses)	6(18)	41,567	1	(40,101)	(1)
	Operating expenses total		(1,139,344)	(19)	(1,161,564)	(20)
6900	Operating income		1,859,615	32	1,732,244	29
7000	Non-operating income and expenses	6(21), 7				
7100	Interest income		18,254	-	23,819	-
7010	Other income	7	42,123	1	5,657	-
7020	Other gains and losses		31,168	1	(2,745)	-
7050	Finance costs	7	(54,325)	(1)	(40,624)	-
7060	Share of profit or loss of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	4, 6(6)	141,582	2	159,969	3
	Non-operating income and expense total		178,802	3	146,076	3
7900	Income from continuing operations before income tax		2,038,417	35	1,878,320	32
7950	Income tax	4, 6(23)	(207,741)	(4)	(222,418)	(4)
8200	Net income		1,830,676	31	1,655,902	28
8300	Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(22)				
8360	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
8380	Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures		8,026		(14,852)	
	Total other comprehensive income, net of tax		8,026	-	(14,852)	
8500	Total comprehensive income		\$1,838,702	31	\$1,641,050	28
9750	Earnings per share - basic (in NT\$)	4, 6(24)	\$23.47		\$22.83	
9850	Earnings per share - diluted (in NT\$)	4, 6(24)	\$23.24		\$22.61	
	(The accompanying notes are an integral next of the normal	<u> </u>				

Parent-Company-Only Statements of Changes in Equity

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					Retained Earni	ngs	Other Components of equity	
		Capital	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	Total Equity
Code	Items	3100	3200	3310	3320	3350	3410	3XXX
A1	Balance as of January 1, 2023	\$700,000	\$1,810,341	\$367,572	\$16,367	\$3,546,106	\$(12,934)	\$6,427,452
	Appropriation and distribution of 2022 earnings							
B1	Legal reserve appropriated			152,755		(152,755)		-
В3	Special reserve appropriated				(3,433)	3,433		-
B5	Cash dividends - common shares					(700,000)		(700,000)
D1	Net income for 2023					1,655,902		1,655,902
D3	Other comprehensive income (loss) for 2023						(14,852)	(14,852)
D5	Total comprehensive income					1,655,902	(14,852)	1,641,050
E1	Proceeds from issuing shares	80,000	2,459,180					2,539,180
Z 1	Balance as of December 31, 2023	\$780,000	\$4,269,521	\$520,327	\$12,934	\$4,352,686	\$(27,786)	\$9,907,682
A1	Balance as of January 1, 2024	\$780,000	\$4,269,521	\$520,327	\$12,934	\$4,352,686	\$(27,786)	\$9,907,682
	Appropriation and distribution of 2023 earnings							
B1	Legal reserve appropriated			165,590		(165,590)		-
В3	Special reserve appropriated				14,852	(14,852)		-
В5	Cash dividends - common shares					(780,000)		(780,000)
C7	Changes in associated and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method		23					23
D1	Net income for 2024					1,830,676		1,830,676
D3	Other comprehensive income (loss) for 2024						8,026	8,026
D5	Total comprehensive income					1,830,676	8,026	1,838,702
Z1	Balance as of December 31, 2024	\$780,000	\$4,269,544	\$685,917	\$27,786	\$5,222,920	\$(19,760)	\$10,966,407

Parent-Company-Only Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Code	Items	2024	2023	Code	Items	2024	2023
	Cash flows from operating activities:			BBBB	Cash flows from investing activities:		
A10000	Net income before tax	\$2,038,417	\$1,878,320	B00040	Increase in financial assets measured at amortized cost	1,077,000	(2,019,990)
A20010	Profit or loss not effecting cash flows:			B01800	Acquisition of investment accounted for using the equity method	(509,448)	(206,415)
A20100	Depreciation (including right-of-use assets)	642,542	863,457	B01900	Proceeds from disposal of investment accounted for under equity method	-	42,000
A20200	Amortization	17,843	13,264	B02700	Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(3,107,578)	(1,078,283)
A20300	Expected credit losses (gain)	(41,567)	40,101	B02800	Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	30	114
A20400	Net loss (gain) of financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through profit or loss	(25,691)	(14,539)	B03700	Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits	12,620	140
A20900	Interest expense	54,325	40,624	B04500	Acquisition of intangible assets	(20,648)	(10,891)
A21200	Interest income	(18,254)	(23,819)	BBBB	Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(2,548,024)	(3,273,325)
A21900	Share-based payments awards	-	57,849				
A22300	Share of profit or loss of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	(141,582)	(159,969)	CCCC	Cash flows from financing activities:		
A22500	Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(30)	(114)	C00100	Increase in (repayment of) short-term borrowings	(557,117)	624,153
A23700	Impairment loss on non-financial assets	19,242	19,488	C01600	Increase in long-term borrowings	205,000	122,900
A23900	Unrealized (gains) losses	(3,140)	12,786	C01700	Repayment of long-term borrowings	(13,210)	(100,821)
A29900	Loss (gain) on government grants	(1,612)	-	C03000	Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received	2,900	-
A29900	Impairment losses on non-financial assets	(316)	(69)	C04020	Payments of lease liabilities	(25,280)	(101,120)
A30000	Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			C04500	Dividend distribution	(780,000)	(700,000)
A31115	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,458,002	(1,825,227)	C04500	Proceeds from issuing shares		2,480,000
A31150	Accounts receivable	126,865	53,100	CCCC	Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(1,167,707)	2,325,112
A31160	Accounts receivable - related parties	(67,212)	(266,236)				
A31180	Other receivables	3,847	(3,240)	EEEE	Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	105,594	(362,971)
A31190	Other receivables - related parties	(7,107)	257		Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,036,711	1,399,682
A31200	Inventories	(97,142)	(13,140)	E00200	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$1,142,305	\$1,036,711
A31230	Prepayments	12,795	(53,816)				
A31240	Other current assets	(2,606)	(2,504)				
A32125	Contract liabilities	(20,560)	21,324				
A32130	Notes payable	1,533	(2,852)				
A32150	Accounts payable	(35,248)	42,301				
A32180	Other payables	82,678	144,061				
A32230	Other current liabilities	79,255	23,169				
A33000	Cash generated from operations	4,075,277	844,576				
A33100	Interest received	23,650	13,463				
A33300	Interest paid	(56,401)	(32,903)				
A33500	Income tax paid	(221,201)	(239,894)				
AAAA	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	3,821,325	585,242				

MANAGEMENT REPRESENTATION LETTER

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of Pegavision

Corporation as of December 31, 2024 and for the year then ended under the Criteria Governing the

Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial

Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial

statements prepared in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standard No. 10,

"Consolidated Financial Statements." In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the

combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently,

Pegavision Corporation and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial

statements.

Very truly yours,

Pegavision Corporation

By

Guo, Ming-Dong

Chairman

February 17, 2025

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To: the Board of Directors and Shareholders of

Pegavision Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Pegavision Corporation (the "Company") and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including the summary of material accounting policies (together referred as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of the other auditors (please refer to the Other Matter – Making Reference to the Audits of Component Auditors section of our report), the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with the requirements of the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee or the former Standing Interpretations Committee as endorsed and became effective by Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company and its subsidiaries in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China (the "Norm"). Based on our audits and the reports of the other auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024. These matters

were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Revenue Recognition

We determine that revenue recognition is one of the key audit matters. The Group's revenue amounting to NT\$6,817,305 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2024 is a significant account to the Group's consolidated financial statements. The Group has conducted these sale activities in multi-marketplace, including Taiwan, China, Japan, etc. Furthermore, the timing of fulfilling performance obligation needs to be determined based on varieties of sale terms and conditions enacted in the main sale contracts or sale orders. We therefore conclude that there are significant risks with respect to the topic of revenue recognition. Our audit procedures therefore include, but not limit to, evaluating the properness of accounting policy for revenue recognition, assessing and testing the effectiveness of relevant internal controls related to revenue recognition, sampling-test of details, including obtaining major sale orders or agreements to inspect the terms and conditions, checking the consistency of the fulfillment timing, performing analytical review procedures on sale revenues, and executing sale cut-off tests, etc. We have also evaluated the appropriateness of the related disclosure in Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

Market valuation on Inventory

We determined the market valuation on inventory is also one of key audit matters. The Group's net inventory amounted to NT\$671,023 thousand, representing 5 % of total assets, as of December 31, 2024, which is significant to the Group's consolidated financial statements. The market of the Group's main products, is characterized by fierce competition and the trend of consumers' preference, management, in timely considering the status of new products development and the demand from clients, has to evaluate the loss due to market value decline as well as write-down on slow-moving inventories to their net realizable value. Our audit procedures therefore include, but not limit to, evaluating the Group's policy with respect to assessment the loss from slow-moving inventory and phased-out items, (including identification method, testing the accuracy of inventory aging schedule, analysis on inventory movement), evaluating the physical inventory stock take plan report provided by the management and choose the significant location to perform the observation, and inspecting the current status of inventory usage, etc. We also evaluated the appropriateness of related disclosure in the Note 5 and 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

Other Matter - Making Reference to the Audits of Component Auditors

We did not audit the financial statements of invested associates as of December 31, 2023, which were audited by other independent auditors. The financial statements of invested associates as of December 31, 2023 were audited by other independent auditors, whose report thereon has been furnished to us,

and our opinions expressed herein are based solely on other auditors. These investment accounted for using the equity method amounted to NT\$19,817 thousand, accounting for 0.14% of the total assets as of December 31, 2023, and the related shares of profit or loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method amounted to NT\$(183)thousand, accounting for (0.01)% of the Company's net income before income tax for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee or the former Standing Interpretations Committee as endorsed by Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ability to continue as a going concern of the Company and its subsidiaries, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company and its subsidiaries or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control of the Company and its subsidiaries.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability to continue as a going concern of the Company and its subsidiaries. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company and its subsidiaries to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the accompanying notes, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company and its subsidiaries to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned

scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of 2024 consolidated financial statements and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion on the parent-company-only financial statements of the Company as of and for the years then ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

/s/Chang, Chih-Ming

/s/Kuo, Shao-Pin

Ernst & Young Taiwan, R.O.C. February 17, 2025

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China on Taiwan and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practice to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China on Taiwan.

Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice. As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, Ernst & Young cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

Pegavision Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Amounts Expressed In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Assets		As of December	31, 2024	As of December 3	1, 2023
Code	Accounts	Notes	Amount	%	Amount	%
11xx	Current assets					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	4, 6(1)	\$2,002,176	14	\$1,500,502	11
1110	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4, 6(2)	1,121,378	8	2,635,465	19
1136	Financial assets measured at amortized cost	6(3)	1,134,932	8	2,098,369	15
1170	Accounts receivable, net	4, 6(4), 6(18), 7	806,188	5	831,045	6
1200	Other receivables	7	21,001	-	34,630	-
1220	Current tax assets		780	-	442	-
1310	Inventories, net	4, 6(5)	671,023	5	583,479	4
1410	Prepayments		119,066	1	127,135	1
1470	Other current assets		40,980		63,553	1
	Total current assets		5,917,524	41	7,874,620	57
15xx	Non-current assets					
1550	Investment accounted for using equity method	4, 6(6)	19,751	-	19,817	
1600	Property, plant and equipment, net	4, 6(7), 8, 9	7,860,209	54	4,724,153	34
1755	Right-of-use assets, net	4, 6(19), 7	370,874	2	266,620	2
1780	Intangible assets, net	4, 6(8)	22,054	-	19,540	-
1840	Deferred tax assets	4, 6(23)	83,325	1	38,390	-
1900	Other non-current assets	6(7), 6(9), 7, 8	272,026	2	915,712	7
	Total non-current assets		8,628,239	59	5,984,232	43
	Total Assets		\$14,545,763	100	\$13,858,852	100

Pegavision Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets (Continued) As of December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Amounts Expressed In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Liabilities and Equity		As of December	31, 2024	As of December 3	1, 2023
Code		Notes	Amount	%	Amount	%
21xx	Current liabilities					
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(10)	\$351,503	3	\$908,620	7
2130	Contract liabilities	6(17), 7	55,329	-	87,354	1
2150	Notes payable		2,262	-	589	-
2170	Accounts payable		196,289	1	232,727	2
2200	Other payables	6(11), 7	1,684,261	12	1,571,000	10
2230	Current tax liabilities	4, 6(23)	118,311	1	95,548	1
2280	Lease liabilities	4, 6(19), 7	31,533	-	133,272	1
2300	Other current liabilities	6(12), 6(13), 8	350,662	2	277,722	2
	Total current liabilities		2,790,150	19	3,306,832	24
	Non-current liabilities					
2540		6(13), 8	548,764	4	365,092	3
2570		4, 6(23)	70,906	-	65,368	-
2580	Lease liabilities	4, 6(19), 7	73,586	1	140,048	1
2645	1	7	3,615	-	1,004	-
2670	Other non-current liabilities	4, 6(12)	47		268	
	Total non-current liabilities		696,918	5	571,780	4
	Total liabilities		3,487,068	24	3,878,612	28
	Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent					
	Capital	6(15)				
3110			780,000	5	780,000	6
	Capital surplus	6(15)	4,269,544	29	4,269,521	30
	Retained earnings	6(15)				
3310	~		685,917	5	520,327	4
3320	l -		27,786	-	12,934	-
3350			5,222,920	36	4,352,686	31
	Other equity interest		(19,760)	-	(27,786)	-
36xx	Non-controlling interests	6(15)	92,288	1	72,558	1
	Total equity		11,058,695	76	9,980,240	72
					.	
	Total liabilities and equity		\$14,545,763	100	\$13,858,852	100

Pegavision Corporation and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements Of Comprehensive Incomes For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings per Share)

			2024		2023	
Code	Items	Notes	Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Operating revenue	4, 6(17), 7	6,817,305	100	6,789,861	100
5000	Operating costs	6(5), 7	(2,993,356)	(44)	(3,121,577)	(46)
5900	Gross profit		3,823,949	56	3,668,284	54
6000	Operating expenses	7				
6100	Selling expenses		(689,611)	(10)	(622,839)	(9)
6200	Administrative expenses		(443,114)	(7)	(431,736)	(6)
6300	Research and development expenses		(646,167)	(10)	(592,395)	(9)
6450	Expected credit gains (losses)	6(18)	41,733	1	(40,203)	(1)
	Operating expenses total		(1,737,159)	(26)	(1,687,173)	(25)
6900	Operating income		2,086,790	30	1,981,111	29
7000	Non-operating income and expenses	6(21)				
7100	Interest income		26,691	-	29,917	1
7010	Other income	7	45,211	1	13,626	-
7020	Other gains or losses		33,945	1	(304)	-
7050	Finance costs	7	(59,754)	(1)	(45,527)	(1)
7060	Share of profit or loss of associates and joint ventures accounted		(89)	-	(183)	-
	Total non-operating incomes and expenses		46,004	1	(2,471)	-
7900	Income from continuing operations before income tax		2,132,794	31	1,978,640	29
7950	Income tax	4, 6(23)	(279,310)	(4)	(300,709)	(4)
8200	Net income		1,853,484	27	1,677,931	25
8300	Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(22)				_
8360	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
8380	Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of a foreign operation		9,516	-	(15,362)	-
8399	Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income		(52)	-	(45)	-
	Total other comprehensive income, net of tax		9,464	-	(15,407)	-
8500	Total comprehensive income		\$1,862,948	27	\$1,662,524	25
8600	Net income (loss) attributable to:					
8610	Shareholders of the parent		\$1,830,676	27	\$1,655,902	25
8620	Non-controlling interests		22,808	-	22,029	-
			\$1,853,484	27	\$1,677,931	25
8700	Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:					
8710	Shareholders of the parent		\$1,838,702	27	\$1,641,050	25
8720	Non-controlling interests		24,246	-	21,474	-
			\$1,862,948	27	\$1,662,524	25
9750	Earnings per share-basic (in NTD)	4, 6(24)	\$23.47		\$22.83	
	Earnings per share-diluted (in NTD)	4, 6(24)	\$23.24		\$22.61	
		1:1 4 1 6	• 1			

Pegavision Corporation and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Amounts Expressed In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Equity A	ttributable to Sharehol	ders of the Parent				
					Retair	ned Earnings			Non-controlling	
		Capital	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	Total	interests	Total Equity
Code	Items	3100	3200	3310	3320	3350	3410	31XX	36XX	3XXX
A1	Balance as of January 1, 2023	\$700,000	\$1,810,341	\$367,572	\$16,367	\$3,546,106	\$(12,934)	\$6,427,452	\$58,280	\$6,485,732
	Appropriation and distribution of 2022 earnings									
В1	Legal reserve appropriated			152,755		(152,755)		-		-
В3	Special reserve appropriated				(3,433)	3,433		-		-
В5	Cash dividends-common shares					(700,000)		(700,000)		(700,000)
D1	Net income for 2023					1,655,902		1,655,902	22,029	1,677,931
D3	Other comprehensive income (loss) for 2023						(14,852)	(14,852)	(555)	(15,407)
D5	Total comprehensive income					1,655,902	(14,852)	1,641,050	21,474	1,662,524
E1	Proceeds from issuing shares	80,000	2,459,180					2,539,180	304	2,539,484
O1	Non-controlling interests								(7,500)	(7,500)
Z1	Balance as of December 31, 2023	\$780,000	\$4,269,521	\$520,327	\$12,934	\$4,352,686	\$(27,786)	\$9,907,682	\$72,558	\$9,980,240
A1	Balance as of January 1, 2024	\$780,000	\$4,269,521	\$520,327	\$12,934	\$4,352,686	\$(27,786)	\$9,907,682	\$72,558	\$9,980,240
	Appropriation and distribution of 2023 earnings									
B1	Legal reserve appropriated			165,590		(165,590)		-		-
В3	Special reserve appropriated				14,852	(14,852)		-		-
В5	Cash dividends-common shares					(780,000)		(780,000)		(780,000)
С7	Changes in associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method		23					23		23
D1	Net income for 2024					1,830,676		1,830,676	22,808	1,853,484
D3	Other comprehensive income (loss) for 2024						8,026	8,026	1,438	9,464
D5	Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	1,830,676	8,026	1,838,702	24,246	1,862,948
01	Non-controlling interests								(4,516)	(4,516)
Z1	Balance as of December 31, 2024	\$780,000	\$4,269,544	\$685,917	\$27,786	\$5,222,920	(\$19,760)	\$10,966,407	\$92,288	\$11,058,695

Pegavision Corporation and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Code	Items	2024	2023	Code	Items	2024	2023
AAAA	Cash flows from operating activities:			BBBB	Cash flows from investing activities:		
A10000	Income before income tax	\$2,132,794	\$1,978,640	B00040	(Increase) decrease in financial assets measured at amortized cost	963,437	(2,098,369)
A20000	Adjustments:			B01800	Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method	-	(20,000)
A20010	Profit or loss not effecting cash flows:			B02700	Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(3,320,046)	(1,111,502)
A20100	Depreciation (including right-of-use assets)	709,315	923,368	B02800	Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	30	114
A20200	Amortization	18,134	13,574	B03800	(Increase) decrease in refundable deposits	13,922	4,878
A20300	Expected credit losses (gain)	(41,733)	40,203	B04500	Acquisition of intangible assets	(20,648)	(10,891)
A20400	Net loss (gain) of financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through profit or loss	(29,416)	(16,175)	B05350	Acquisition of right-of use assets	(112,795)	(161,852)
A20900	Interest expense	59,754	45,527	BBBB	Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(2,476,100)	(3,397,622)
A21200	Interest income	(26,691)	(29,917)				
A21900	Share-based payments awards	-	59,484	CCCC	Cash flows from financing activities:		
A22300	Share of profit or loss of associates and joint ventures	89	183	C00100	Increase in (repayment of) short-term borrowings	(557,117)	624,153
A22500	Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	192	(114)	C01600	Increase in long-term borrowings	232,369	122,900
A23700	Impairment loss on non-financial assets	19,242	19,488	C01700	Repayment of long-term borrowings	(55,666)	(110,821)
A29900	Gain on lease modification	(1,805)	(12)	C03000	Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received	2,611	30
A29900	Gain on government grants	(316)	(69)	C04020	Payments of lease liabilities	(66,298)	(141,084)
A30000	Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			C04500	Dividend distribution	(780,000)	(700,000)
A31115	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,543,503	(1,952,802)	C04600	Proceeds from issuing shares	-	2,480,000
A31150	Accounts receivable	66,581	(126,050)	C05800	Non-controlling interests changed	(4,516)	(7,500)
A31180	Other receivables	8,734	(18,090)	CCCC	Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(1,228,617)	2,267,678
A31200	Inventories	(87,544)	(14,851)				
A31230	Prepayments	8,069	(50,251)	DDDD	Effect of exchange rate changes	5,576	(15,150)
A31240	Other current assets	22,573	(4,491)				
A32125	Contract liabilities	(32,025)	9,651	EEEE	Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	501,674	(345,618)
A32130	Notes payable	1,673	(3,321)	E00100	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,500,502	1,846,120
A32150	Accounts payable	(36,438)	42,084	E00200	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$2,002,176	\$1,500,502
A32180	Other payables	111,024	184,495				
A32230	Other current liabilities	79,774	16,645				
A32000	Cash generated from operations	4,525,483	1,117,199				
A33100	Interest received	31,586	18,898				
A33300	Interest paid	(60,348)	(36,795)				
A33500	Income tax paid	(295,906)	(299,826)				
AAAA	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	4,200,815	799,476				

Attachment 4

Pegavision Corporation Earnings Appropriation Report 2024

Unit: NTD

Item	Amount
Opening undistributed earnings	3,392,244,795
Plus: 2024 net income	1,830,675,626
Subtotal	5,222,920,421
Provisions:	
Provision for legal reserve (10%)	(183,067,563)
Reversal for special reserve	8,025,398
Subtotal of distributable earnings for the year	5,047,878,256
Distributions:	
Shareholders' dividends - NT\$11 cash per share	(858,000,000)
Closing undistributed earnings	4,189,878,256

Note 1: The appropriation will be allocated out of 2024 earnings as a priority.

Chairman: President: Head of Accounting:
Peter Kuo Te-Sheng Yang Ching-Hsiang Wang

Attachment 5

Pegavision Corporation

Comparison Table for the Articles of Incorporation before and after revision

Amended clause Existing clause **Explanation** Article 27: Article 27: accordance with the amended content ofthe When it is determined that the When it is determined that the Company Law issued under the company has profit for a fiscal company has profit for a fiscal No. 11300069631 Letter by the year, the company year, the company shall President on August 7, 2024, appropriate the employee's and appropriate the employee's and Article 14 of the Securities and Exchange Act stipulates that directors remuneration directors remuneration the company shall specify in its according to following according to following articles of incorporation a sequence; however, in the case sequence; however, in the case certain percentage of annual that the company still has that the company still has earnings to be allocated for retained losses, profits shall adjusting salaries retained losses, profits shall distributing compensation to its first be reserved to offset first be reserved to offset grassroots employees. cumulative losses and then cumulative losses and then appropriate according appropriate according following sequence: following sequence: I. Employee remuneration -I. Employee remuneration -No less than 10%, of which No less than 10%, which no less than 25% shall be can be paid in cash or in allocated to base-level shares to employees of employees. Employee controlling or controlled remuneration can be paid in entities who satisfy certain cash or in shares criteria. The board directors is authorized to set employees of controlling or entities this criteria at its discretion. controlled II. Director remuneration - No satisfy certain criteria. The more than 1%. board of directors authorized to set this criteria

Amended clause	Existing clause	Explanation
at its discretion.		
II. Director remuneration - No		
more than 1%. Article 27-1:	Article 27-1:	Define the current year's
When it is determined that the	When it is determined that the	distributable profits and
company has earnings for a	company has earnings for a	accumulated distributable
fiscal year, the earnings shall	fiscal year, the earnings shall	profits, and make the necessary
firstly to be appropriated to	firstly to be appropriated to	textual adjustments.
profit-seeking business income	profit-seeking business income	
tax and reimbursement of	tax and reimbursement of	
previous losses as required by	previous losses as required by	
law, followed by a 10%	law, followed by a 10%	
provision for legal reserve.	provision for legal reserve.	
However, no further provision	However, no further provision	
of legal reserve is required if	of legal reserve is required if	
the Company has accumulated	the Company has accumulated	
legal reserve to an amount	legal reserve to an amount	
equal to paid-in capital. Next,	equal to paid-in capital. Next,	
provisions or reversals of	provisions for special reserve	
special reserve are to be made	are to be made according to	
according to laws or	laws or instructions of the	
instructions of the authority.	authority. The remainder plus	
The remainder, which	undistributed earnings	
constitutes the current year's	accumulated in previous years	
distributable profits, plus	can then be distributed or	
undistributed earnings	retained, for which the board of	
accumulated in previous years,	directors is required to propose	
will form the accumulated	an earnings appropriation plan	
distributable profits, which can	and seek resolution in a	
then be distributed or retained.	shareholder meeting.	
The board of directors is	If the Company's Cash	
required to propose an earnings	distribution is from all or part	
appropriation plan and seek	of legal reserve and capital	
resolution in a shareholder	reserve to shareholders shall be	
meeting.	resolved in a board meeting	
If the Company's Cash	with more than two-thirds of	

Amended clause	Existing clause	Explanation
distribution is from all or part	the board present, voted in	
of legal reserve and capital	favor by more than half of	
reserve to shareholders shall be	attending directors, and	
resolved in a board meeting	reported in the upcoming	
with more than two-thirds of	shareholder meeting.	
the board present, voted in		
favor by more than half of		
attending directors, and		
reported in the upcoming		
shareholder meeting.		
Article 33	Article 33	Added revision date.
This Articles of Incorporation	This Articles of Incorporation	
was approved unanimously by	was approved unanimously by	
all founders on August 12,	all founders on August 12,	
2009.	2009.	
The 1st amendment was made	The 1st amendment was made	
on April 29, 2014.	on April 29, 2014.	
The 2nd amendment was made	The 2nd amendment was made	
on June 16, 2015.	on June 16, 2015.	
The 3rd amendment was made	The 3rd amendment was made	
on June 14, 2016.	on June 14, 2016.	
The 4th amendment was made	The 4th amendment was made	
on June 14, 2018.	on June 14, 2018.	
The 5th amendment was made	The 5th amendment was made	
on June 14, 2019.	on June 14, 2019.	
The 6th amendment was made	The 6th amendment was made	
on May 24, 2022.	on May 24, 2022.	
The 7th amendment was made	The 7th amendment was made	
on May 24, 2024.	on May 24, 2024.	
The 8th amendment was made		
on May 21, 2025.		